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Is Issued Every Saturday Morning, at
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BY R. H. TYSON.

OFFICE—Mill street, opposite the Court
House.

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We commend the JOURNAL to all who want a
good Magazine.

National Republican Platform.

ADOPTED BY THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN
CONVENTION AT PHILADELPHIA,
JUNE 6, 1872.

The Republican party of the United
States assembled in National Convention
in the city of Philadelphia, on the 5th and 6th days of June, 1872, again
declares its faith and appeals to its his-
tory and announces its position upon the
questions before the country.

First—During eleven years of su-
premaccy it has accepted with grand
courage the solemn duties of the time.
It suppressed a gigantic rebellion;
emancipated 4,000,000 slaves; decreed
equal citizenship to all and established
universal suffrage. Exhibiting unparal-
leled magnanimity, it criminally pun-
ished no man for political offenses, and
warmly welcomed all who proved their
loyalty by obeying the laws and dealing
justly with their neighbors. It has
steadily decreased, with a firm hand,
the resultant disorders of a great war,
and initiated a wise policy toward the
Indians. The Pacific railroad, and simi-
lar vast enterprises, have been gener-
ously aided and successfully conducted.
The public lands are freely given to
actual settlers; immigration is protect-
ed, encouraged, and the full acknowl-
edgement of the naturalized citizen's
rights has been secured from European
powers. The national currency has im-
proved in regulation and the national
credit has been sustained under extra-
ordinary burdens, and new bonds have
been negotiated at lower rates. The
revenues have been carefully collected
and honestly applied. Despite the an-
nual large reductions from the rates of
taxation the public debt has been re-
duced during Grant's presidency at the
rate of one hundred million dollars per
year. A great financial crisis has been
avoided and peace and plenty prevail
throughout the land. Menacing foreign
difficulties have been peacefully and
honorably compromised, and the honor
and power of the nation has been kept
high throughout the world. This glo-
rious record of the past is the party's
best pledge for the future. We believe
the people will not trust the Govern-
ment to any party or combination of men
composed of those who chiefly have re-
sisted every step in this beneficial pro-
gress.

Second—Complete liberty and exact
equality in the enjoyment of all civil,
political and public rights should be es-

tablished and maintained throughout
the Union, by efficient and appropriate
legislation. Neither the law or its ad-
ministration should admit of any dis-
crimination in respect to citizens, by
reason of race, creed, color or previous
condition of servitude.

Third—The recent amendments to
the National Constitution should be
cordially sustained, because they are
right; not merely tolerated because they
are law; and such should be carried
out according to their spirit by appro-
priate legislation, the enforcement of
which can be safely trusted only to the
party that secured the amendments.

Fourth—The National Government
should seek to maintain an honorable
peace with all nations, protecting its
citizens everywhere and sympathizing
with all people who strive for greater
liberty.

Fifth—Any system of civil service
under which the subordinate positions
of the Government are considered as
rewards for mere party zeal, is fatally
demoralizing, and we therefore favor a
reform of the system by laws which
shall abolish the evils of patronage and
make honesty, efficiency and fidelity
essential qualifications for public posi-
tion, without practically creating a life
tenure of office.

Sixth—We are opposed to further
grants of public lands to corporations
and monopolies, and demand that the
national domain shall be set apart for
the free use of the people.

Seventh—The annual revenue, after
paying the current expenditures, should
towards the principal of the debt;
and revenue, except so much as may
be received from a tax on tobacco and
liquors, ought to be raised by duties on
importations, the scale of which should
be so adjusted as to aid in securing the
remunerative wages to laborers and to
promote the industries, growth and
prosperity of the whole country.

Eighth—We hold in undying honor
the soldiers and sailors whose valor
saved the Union. Their pensions are a
sacred debt of the nation, and the wid-
ows and orphans of those who died for
their country are entitled to the care of
the Government and the gratitude of the
people. We favor such additional
legislation as will increase the bounty
of the Government to all our soldiers
and sailors who were honorably dis-
charged, and who in time of duty be-
came disabled, without regard to the length
of their service or the cause of their
discharge.

Ninth—The doctrine of Great Britain
and other European Powers concerning
allegiance "once a subject always a
subject," having at last, through the
efforts of the Republican party, been
abandoned, and the American idea of
the right of the individual to transfer
his allegiance having been accepted by
the European nations, it is the duty of
our Government to guard with jealous
care the right of adopted citizens against
the assumptions of unauthorized claims
by their former governments; and we
urge the continued and careful encour-
agement and protection of voluntary
immigration.

Tenth—The franking privilege ought
to be abolished and a way prepared for
reduction of the rates of postage.

Eleventh—Among the questions which
press for attention is that which concerns
the relation of capital and labor, and
the Republican party recognizes the duty
of so shaping legislation as to secure full
protection and an ample field for capi-
tal, and for labor, which creates for cap-
ital the largest opportunities, and a just
share of mutual profits of those two great
servants of civilization.

Twelfth—We hold that Congress and
the President have only fulfilled an im-
portant duty in their measures for the
suppression of violent and treasonable
organizations in certain of the lately re-
bellious regions, and for the protection
of the ballot box, and, therefore they
are entitled to the thanks of the nation.

Thirteenth—We denounce repudia-
tion of the national debt, in any form
or disguise, as a national crime. We
witness with pride the reduction of the
principal of the debt and of the rates
of interest upon the balance, and we
confidently expect that our excellent
national currency will be perfected by
the speedy resumption of specie pay-
ment.

Fourteenth—The Republican party is
mindful of its obligation to the loyal
women of America for their noble de-
votion to the cause of freedom. Their
admission to usefulness is received with
satisfaction, and the honest demands of
any class of citizens for additional rights
should be treated with respectful con-
sideration.

Fifteenth—We heartily approve of
the action of Congress in relation to
the rebellious States, and rejoice in

the growth of peace and fraternal feel-
ing throughout the land.

Sixteenth—The Republican party
proposes to respect the rights reserved
by the people to themselves as carefully
as the powers delegated by them to the
State and Territorial governments. It
disapproves of any resort to unconsti-
tutional laws for the purpose of remov-
ing evils by interference with rights not
surrendered by the people to either the
State or National Government.

Seventeenth—It is the duty of the
General Government to adopt such
measures as will tend to encourage
American commerce and ship building.

Eighteenth—We believe that the
modest patriotism, the earnestness of
purpose, sound judgment, practical wis-
dom, incorruptible integrity, and illus-
trious services of U. S. Grant, have
recommended him to the heart of the
American people, and that with him at
our head we start to day in a new march
to victory.

Greeley's Strength in Pennsylvania.

The Philadelphia Press, one of the
leading papers of Pennsylvania, which
has been charged with favoring the
Cincinnati move, speaks in the follow-
ing forcible language of the movement
in that State, and the prospects of Mr.
Greeley. This showing, which we be-
lieve to be a truthful one, does not pre-
sent the prospects as very flattering;

"Out of one hundred and sixty-two
weekly Republican papers, published in
Pennsylvania, and received at this of-
fice, only five advocate the election of
Greeley and Brown. These are the
Beaver Argus, Crawford Journal, the
Downingtown Journal, Tunkhannock
Republican and Hazleton Sentinel.
There are, perhaps, a score of others
that demand fair play for Mr. Greeley,
and vindicate him from the aspersions
and calumnies of the intemperate friends
of the President, and which await the
action of the National Convention or the
development of affairs before taking
strong or pronounced ground. A few
others are wavering, and express no
opinions, but the great body of the Re-
publican press, and nearly all of the in-
fluential journals fly the Grant banner
or are wholly committed to his re-nom-
ination."

Of the Democratic papers, we have
seen but one that hosts the Greeley
and Brown standard. Four-fifths of the
weeklies, following the lead of the Phila-
delphia Age and Pittsburgh Post, favor
the nomination of a straight-out
candidate at Baltimore, and very nearly
all urge this action upon the party. The
great majority, though, recognize the
National Convention as the representa-
tive body and mouth-piece of the or-
ganization, and indicate that they will
bow to its decree, however repugnant.
But the rural Democrats of Pennsylv-
ania are eminently traditional, and the
York, Berks, Centre and other strong
Democratic county organs threaten to
bolt before swallowing the Greeley pill.
"Defeat before dishonor" is a favorite
maxim with a majority of these jour-
nals, many of which to this day deny
the binding force of the fifteenth
amendment.

From these evidences it will be seen
the Greeley ticket at least by ordinary
signs, has no strength in this State.
Neither party has to any extent been
affected by the liberal movement, and
that grand era of disintegration, which
we hear has set in elsewhere, has not
dawned here.

The Republicans are as united and
harmonious on the question of the Pres-
idency as at any period in their history
and unbroken. The only way by which
Mr. Greeley can secure any party at all
is his nomination at Baltimore, and even
then the support will not be hearty. As
a few of the Democratic journals put it,
they might vote for him as "a choice
of evils," but they would not do it united-
ly, and their enthusiasm would be as
forced and unnatural as a boy's whistle
at midnight in a burying ground."

Alluding to the President's letter,
read at the civil rights meeting in
Washington, Fred. Douglass says in
the New National Era: "We entirely
misapprehend the character of the
colored citizens, North and South, if
they do not accept this letter as the
fullest assurance that so far as Grant is
concerned, they are certain to have their
just and equal rights, whenever those
rights can be secured to them by law.
Abraham Lincoln said and did many
good things while he was President of
the United States, but nothing like
this letter ever came even from him."

We furnish the Republican and
Demorest's Monthly for \$4 a year.

Subscribe for the REPUBLICAN

Amusing Scene on a Street Car.

An exchange has the following in-
teresting story: "The passengers on
one of the street cars in Washington,
enjoyed a hearty laugh, a few days
since, at a scene between the conductor
and a well-dressed young man from
Georgetown. As the car was passing
down the Avenue, the young man at
the time standing on the platform tak-
ing it easy, with one foot on a trunk,
he was approached by the conductor and
his fare demanded. He quietly passed
over his five cents.

Conductor—I demand 25 cents for
that trunk.

Young, (hesitating)—25 cents?

Well, I think I will not pay it.

C—Then I shall put the trunk off.

Y M—You had better not, or you
may be sorry for it.

Conductor pulls strap, stops car,
dumps trunk on the Avenue, starts car;
and after going some two squares, ap-
proaches the young man, who was still
as calm as a summer morning, and in an
angry mood says: "Now I have put
your trunk off, what are you going to do
about it?"

Y M (coolly)—Well, I don't propose
to do anything about it; it's no concern
of mine; it wasn't my trunk.

C (fiercely)—Then, why didn't you
tell me so?

Y M—Because you did not ask me,
and I told you I'd be sorry for it.

C (furious)—Then go inside the car.

Y M—Oh, no; you're good enough
company for me out here.

At this juncture a portly German
emerges from the car, and angrily says:
"Mine Gott! you feller, where is mine
drunk?"

Y M—My friend, I think that is
your trunk down on the Avenue there.
German—Who puts him off? I have
the month to pay him. I will see
about dat.

The car was stopped, and shortly af-
terwards the conductor was seen to come
sweating up with the trunk on his back
—a part of the performance he did not
enjoy half as well as did the passengers.

STOOD IT TILL HE GOT MAD.—The
Detroit Free Press reproduces from an
account of an excursion party from that city. Soon
after the boat left Toledo, the steward
was approached by an excited individual
who asked him if he was the captain.

The steward replied in the negative,
at the same time giving his rank.

"Have you the power to put a man
out of the cabin?" inquired the stran-
ger.

"Well, yes, if he is disorderly, I have,"
replied the steward.

"Well, sir, look in here and see
them, will you?" said the stranger,
leading the official round to the door.

The steward looked in upon the mot-
ley crowd, and replied that he saw
nothing out of the way.

"You don't, eh? Don't you see a
man sitting there embracing a woman?"

"Well, yes," replied the steward,
"but what of that? Hasn't a fellow a
right to embrace his wife?"

"That's just what I want you to run
him out for," replied the stranger,
dancing round—"that's my wife, and I
have stood it so long that I've got mad."

MR. GREELEY'S STRENGTH.—The
New York Tribune reproduces from the
St. Louis Republican, with some ad-
ditions of its own, a list of three hun-
dred and twenty-seven newspapers
which supports the Cincinnati nomina-
tions.

It is noticeable that Missouri and Il-
linois furnish more of the number than
any other States—the first-named giv-
ing eighty-one and the second forty-
one. The great State of New York
musters only thirty-one. From Ohio
only seven are reported; from Indiana,
sixteen; from New Jersey, one; from
Massachusetts, three; from Vermont,
one; from New Hampshire, one, edited
by a secession Democrat; from Maine,
one; from Connecticut, three; from
North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Ar-
kansas, and Texas, three each. The
New York Metropolitan Record, Roman
Catholic, is among the papers which
support Mr. Greeley, but the Freeman's
Journal New York Tablet, and Irish
American, which are advocates of the
same religious faith, oppose him.

It is now proposed to unite Germany
and Italy by a tunnel through the Alps
at the Pass St. Gothard. The cost of
the work is estimated at thirty-seven
million of dollars, and the bore, which
will be as long again as that under Mt.
Cenis, will pass through rock much
more difficult to pierce, though it is
reckoned that, by aid of improved ma-
chinery, the time consumed will be pro-
portionately much less.

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DENTIST,
Has located in Dallas, and is ready to
attend to all those requiring his assistance.
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Satisfaction guaranteed, or no charges made.
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J. JAMES, Jeweler,
WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE
to the citizens of Dallas and vicinity
that he is now prepared to clean and repair
CLOCK'S, WATCHES and JEWELRY, etc.
Satisfaction guaranteed.
OFFICE—At Hobart's corner, opposite the
Drug Store.
P. S.—Work in my absence left with Mr.
Hobart, will be attended to. 7-1f

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HOME INDUSTRY.
THIS IS THE ONLY WAY TO INSURE
the permanent growth of any community.
In supplying our homes with
FURNITURE,
as well as other things, it should be practiced. I
have on hand a full assortment of everything
in this line. Shop near Waymire's mill, Dallas,
Oregon. W. C. WILLS. 11-1f

FIRE!! FIRE!!!
TO MY FRIENDS AND PATRONS I
would say that I have re-built my Shop
on the
SAME OLD CORNER,
Where I am prepared to do all kinds of
JOBING.

WAGON WORK AND HORSE-
SHOEING ON SHORT NOTICE.
As I have lost all my property by Fire, those
indebted to me for work will confer a favor
by paying up immediately.
A friend in need, is a friend indeed.
ASA SHREVE. 12-1f

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AND
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HURRAH FOR WOMAN'S RIGHTS!
HAVING FOUND MY KNITTING
needle I would say to the Ladies and citi-
zens of Dallas and surrounding country, that I
have the best machine in use, and am prepared
to fill all orders with promptness and satisfac-
tion, or no pay. I mean what I say.
11-1f LEWIS SPERRY.

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go to
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MAIN STREET, DALLAS.
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will satisfactorily meet every want of the com-
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cord Wagons, etc., etc.
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Day or week.

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Dry Goods,
Groceries
Glass, Queensware,
Tobacco, Cigars,
And all articles found in a GENERAL VARI-
ETY STORE, I would respectfully call the
attention of the Public to my Establishment.
Highest Cash price paid for
FURS AND PELTRY.
R. A. RAY,
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